

**ADVANCED ECONOMETRIC THEORY**  
**EXERCICES 10**  
***M*-ESTIMATORS**

1.
  - (a) Define the notion of *M*-estimator.
  - (b) Explain the difference between “*M*-estimators” and “maximum likelihood estimators”.
  - (a) Give regularity conditions under which an *M*-estimator converges almost surely to a constant.
  - (b) To what this constant corresponds?
  - (c) Give regularity conditions under which the *M*-estimator has a normal asymptotic distribution, and derive this distribution. Provide the asymptotic covariance matrix of the *M*-estimator.
2. Is it possible to establish the asymptotic distribution of the maximum likelihood estimator from the one of *M*-estimators? If so, explain how.
3.
  - (a) Define what is a quasi-generalized *M*-estimator.
  - (b) Give a condition under which the distribution of a quasi-generalized *M*-estimator does not depend on the asymptotic distribution of the first-step estimator ( $\tilde{c}_n$ ).
  - (c) What is the form of the covariance matrix of quasi-generalized *M*-estimators?
4. Consider the nonlinear regression model:

$$Y_i = h(X_i, \beta_0) + u_i, \beta_0 \in \mathcal{B}$$
$$E(u_i | X_1, \dots, X_n) = 0$$
$$E(u_i^2 | X_1, \dots, X_n) = \omega^2(X_i, \beta_0) > 0, \quad i = 1, \dots, n$$

where

H1: the pairs  $(Y_i, X_i)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$  are independent and identically distributed;

H2:  $\mathcal{B}$  is a compact set;

H3:  $h(X, \beta)$  is a continuous function of  $\beta$  and

$$E[(Y_i - h(X_i, \beta))^2] < \infty, \forall \beta \in \mathcal{B};$$

H4:  $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - h(X_i, \beta))^2$  converges almost surely and uniformly on  $\mathcal{B}$  to  $E[(Y_i - h(X_i, \beta))^2]$ .

- (a) When is the parameter  $\beta$  first-order identified? When is it second-order identified?
- (b) If we suppose that  $\beta$  is first-order identified, show that the estimator  $\hat{\beta}_n$  obtained by minimizing  $\sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - h(X_i, \beta))^2$  (nonlinear least squares estimator) is consistent.
- (c) If we suppose that  $\beta$  is first-order identified, give regularity conditions under which the asymptotic distribution of  $\sqrt{n}(\hat{\beta}_n - \beta_0)$  is normal. Give the asymptotic covariance matrix of  $\sqrt{n}(\hat{\beta}_n - \beta_0)$ .
- (d) Find an estimator of  $\beta$  whose asymptotic variance cannot be worse than the one of  $\hat{\beta}_n$ .

To answer 4b and 4c, you can use the general theory of  $M$ -estimators.

5. Exercise 8.3 in Gouriéroux and Monfort (1995, chap. 8).
6. Exercise 8.4 in Gouriéroux and Monfort (1995, chap. 8).

## References

GOURIÉROUX, C., AND A. MONFORT (1995): *Statistics and Econometric Models, Volumes One and Two*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.