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Time series and financial econometrics Sign-based tests for medians and independence

1. Let X_1, \ldots, X_T be independent observations with continuous distributions. X_1, \ldots, X_T may have not have finite mean and may not be identically distributed. Set

$$u(x) = 1, \text{ if } x \ge 0 = 0, \text{ if } x < 0.$$
(1)

- (a) Define the median $Med(X_t)$ of the random variable X_t $(1 \le t \le T)$.
- (b) Derive the joint distribution of the random variables $u(X_1), \ldots, u(X_T)$.
- (c) Describe a procedure for testing the hypothesis

$$H_0: X_1, \ldots, X_T$$
 all have zero median. (2)

(d) Describe a procedure for testing the hypothesis

$$H_0: \operatorname{Med}(X_t) = m_0, \ t = 1, \dots, T,$$
(3)

where m_0 is an arbitrary constant (possibly non-zero).

(e) Describe a procedure for testing the hypothesis

$$H_0: \operatorname{Med}(X_t) = a + bt, \ t = 1, \dots, T,$$
 (4)

where a and b are fixed constants.

- 2. Let X_1, \ldots, X_T be independent observations with continuous distributions. X_1, \ldots, X_T may have not have finite mean and may not be identically distributed. Let k be nonnegative integer $(1 \le k \le T 1)$.
 - (a) Describe a procedure for testing the hypothesis that X_1, \ldots, X_T are independent against an alternative where

$$Med(X_t X_{t+k}) > 0, \ t = 1, \dots, T - k.$$
(5)

(b) Describe a procedure for testing the hypothesis that X_1, \ldots, X_T are independent against an alternative where

$$Med(X_t X_{t+k}) < 0, \ t = 1, \dots, T - k.$$
 (6)

(c) Describe a procedure for testing the hypothesis that X_1, \ldots, X_T are independent against an alternative where

$$Med(X_t X_{t+k}) \neq 0, \ t = 1, \dots, T - k.$$
 (7)

- (d) For k = 1, propose an interpretation of the proposed procedures in terms of "runs"?
- (e) Discuss the validity of the procedures proposed above if X_1, \ldots, X_T have finite second moments, but variances increase as t increases.

[Reference: Dufour (1981).]

3. Let X_1, \ldots, X_T be independent observations with continuous distributions symmetric with respect to zero. X_1, \ldots, X_T may have not have finite means and may not be identically distributed.

(a) Let

$$R_t^+ = \sum_{t=1}^T u(|X_t| - |X_i|), \ t = 1, \dots, T.$$
(8)

where

$$u(x) = 1, \text{ if } x \ge 0$$

= 0, if $x < 0.$ (9)

Propose a procedure based on $(u(X_1), \ldots, u(X_T))'$ and $(R_1^+, \ldots, R_T^+)'$ for testing the hypothesis

 $H_0: X_1, \ldots, X_T$ have zero median. (10)

Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of the latter procedure over a procedure only based on $(u(X_1), \ldots, u(X_T))'$.

(b) Propose a procedure based on $(u(X_1), \ldots, u(X_T))'$ and $(R_1^+, \ldots, R_T^+)'$ for testing the hypothesis that X_1, \ldots, X_T are independent against an alternative where

$$Med(X_t X_{t+k}) > 0, \ t = 1, \dots, T - k.$$
(11)

[Reference: Dufour (1981).]

References

DUFOUR, J.-M. (1981): "Rank Tests for Serial Dependence," *Journal of Time Series Analysis*, 2, 117–128.